

SHIVAJI UNIVERISTY, KOLHAPUR-416 004. MAHARASHTRA

PHONE : EPABX-2609000 **website-** <u>www.unishivaji.ac.in</u> FAX 0091-0231-2691533 & 0091-0231-2692333 – BOS - 2609094

शिवाजी विद्यापीठ, कोल्हापूर – 416004.

दुरध्वनी (ईपीएबीएक्स) २६०९००० (अभ्यास मंडळे विभाग— २६०९०९४) फॅक्स : ००९१-०२३१-२६९१५३३ व २६९२३३३.e-mail:bos@unishivaji.ac.in

#### SU/BOS/Sci & Tech/719

Date: 05/10/2023

To,

The Principal,

Rajarambapu College Of Sugar Technology, Islampur, Shivaji University, Kolhapur.

Subject: Regarding minor change in Syllabus of M.Sc. Part-I Sugar Technology & Alcohol Technology Programme as NEP-2020 under Faculty of Science & Technology.

### Sir/Madam,

With reference to the subject mentioned above, I am directed to inform you that the University have accepted and granted approval to minor change in Syllabus of M.Sc. Part-I Sugar Technology & Alcohol Technology Programme as NEP-2020 under Faculty of Science & Technology which is enclosed herewith.

This minor change in Syllabus of will be implemented from the academic year 2023-24 i.e.

You are therefore, requested to bring this to the notice, all students and teachers concerned.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

Dr.S.M. Kubal Dv. Registrar

#### Copy to :-

1	The Dean, Faculty of Science & Technology	8	Appointment Section
2	The Chairman, Respective, BOS	9	Centre for Distance Education
3	Exam Section	10	Computer Centre
4	Eligibility Section	11	Affiliation Section (U.G.)
5	O.E. I Section	12	Affiliation Section (P.G.)
6	O.E. II Section	13	P.G.Admission Section
7	O.E. III Section	14	P.G.Seminar Section

# SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR



Syllabus for

M.Sc. Part - I
Sugar Technology (Entire)

(Under Faculty of Science & Technology)

**AS PER NEP – 2020** 

(To be implemented from Academic Year 2023 - 24)

- 1. Title: M. Sc. in Sugar Technology, Shivaji University, Kolhapur, Syllabus as per NEP 2020.
- **2. Faculty:** Faculty of Science and Technology
- **3. Year of implementation:** For M. Sc. I (Semester I and Semester II): From **June 2023** and for M.
  - Sc. II (Semester III and Semester IV): From June 2024.

#### 4. Vision:

Leading edge Technology for the Sugar and allied industries.

#### 5. Mission:

- a) To emerge as one of the most preferred institutes by providing high technical knowledge of sugar and allied industries.
- b) To impart quality education in the field of sugar and alcohol technology to achieve the needs of Sugar and allied industries.
- c) To prepare young technocrats with sound footing of basic technical &managerial skills.

Research capabilities to lead and use technology for the progress of sugar and allied industries.

#### 6. Core Values:

- 1. Quality Education 2. Social Service 3. Sound Character
- 4. Global Competence 5. Scientific Temper 6. Environmental Consciousness

## 7. Programme Outcomes:

#### Programme Outcomes- M. Sc. Sugar Technology

After the completion of two-year post-graduation program students will be able to acquire the following attributes.

PO 1	Domain Knowledge- Acquire knowledge of fundamentals, models, basic scientific
	principles and methods in Sugar industry.
PO 2	<b>Application-</b> Able to apply fundamentals, techniques, skills and tools of sciences in new
	contexts sugar industry.
PO 3	Analysis- Able to analyses problems scientifically and find solutions sugar industry.
PO 4	<b>Project Management</b> - Able to undertake projects/tasks, plan and implement effectively sugar industry.
PO 5	Individual and Team Work- Able to work both as an individual and together with
	people of different socio-cultural backgrounds sugar industry.
PO 6	Communication Skills- Able to use proper communication skills for successful
	interaction in personal and public life sugar industry.
PO 7	Social Awareness- Able to undertake activities informed by social values (such as social
	equity), social issues and cultural diversity sugar industry.
PO 8	Environment and Sustainability- Develop consciousness to preserve the earth's finite
	resources and balance human needs and the environment sugar industry.
PO 9	<b>Ethics and Human Values</b> - Apply ethical principles and appreciate the importance of ethical practices in professional life and uphold human dignity sugar industry.

PO Lifelong Learning- Able to acquire emerging knowledge and skills and adapt to the changing needs of the times sugar industry.

### 8. Programme Specific Outcomes:

After the completion of the two-year postgraduate programme in Sugar Technology students will be able to -----.

- **PSO 1**: Learn about Sugar Production and Sugar Manufacturing and sugar structure, chemical names and physical and chemical properties.
- **PSO 2:** Gain knowledge about soil formation, soil profile, soil properties and composition. Sugar properties.
- **PSO 3**: Understand general characteristics, morphology and physiology microorganism, plant virus and viral diseases, disease management and control.
- **PSO 4**: Acquire knowledge of production of Sugar and Sugar marketing and planning.
- **PSO 5**: Understand the concept of ecology and interrelationship among.

#### 9. The entire M. Sc Programme will be of four semesters spread over two years.

- **10. Pattern of Examination:** Theory examination will be conducted Semester wise and Practical examination will be conducted annually.
- 11. Fee Structure: As per University rules and guidelines

#### 12. Eligibility for admission:

Admission to the course for the candidate passing B. Sc. degree with Sugar technology/Physics/ Chemistry/Mathematics, B.Tech. Food/Chemical Technology, B. E. Chemical Engineering/ Instrumentation / Mechanical Engineering.

Candidate will be selected through entrance exam and fulfilling the conditions laid by as per the University rules. Merit list will be prepared based on the performance at entrance examination.

#### **13. Medium of Instruction:** English

#### 14. Structure of course:

➤ Distribution of Marks – Internal evaluation: 20

➤ External evaluation: 80 (Semester exam)

➤ Total Marks for M.Sc. Degree

➤ Theory Papers: 1500

➤ Practical course: 700

➤ Total: 2200

➤ Total CGPA Credit: 88

#### 15. Scheme of Teaching and Examination:

(Applicable to University Department and University affiliated colleges' centres).

- ❖ Each unit in theory course shall comprise 15 lectures, each of 60 minutes duration and there shall be four lectures per theory course per week.
- ❖ Entire course of M. Sc. Sugar Tech will be of 2200 marks.
- ❖ Examination of each theory course shall be of 100 marks (80 University Examination + 20 Internal Assessments). University examination of 80 marks (3 hours' duration) will be conducted at the end of each Semester. Internal assessment of 20 marks will be conducted before the semester examination during each semester.
- ❖ Examination of practical course shall be annually and is of 300 marks.
- Question papers will be set in the view of the entire syllabus and preferably covering each unit of the syllabus.

#### 16. Standard of Passing:

There will be separate passing for theory courses and practical courses. Minimum 40% marks will be required for passing separately for theory and practical courses.

# 17. Nature of Theory & practical question paper and scheme of marking:

#### **Theory**

Question No.	Type of Question	Total Marks (80)				
Q.1.	Answer in one sentence (total 16 questions)	16				
	SECTION I					
Q.2.	Long onewer type questions	16				
Q.3.	Long answer type questions.  Attempt any two out of three.	16				
Q.4.	Attempt any two out of timee.	16				
	SECTION II					
Q.5.	Short answer type questions.	16				
Q.6.	Attempt any two out of three.	16				
Q.7.	Aucinpt any two out of timee.	16				

#### **Practical**

Practical Examination will be annual and of 300 marks.

M. Sc. I: (MMSTP103 Major) Practical I: Sugar Technology I - 100 marks

(MMSTP104 Minor) Practical II: Sugar Technology II–50 marks

(MMSTP203 Major) Practical III: Sugar Technology III – 100 marks

(MMSTP204 Minor) Practical IV: Sugar Technology IV – 50 marks

Field Project: 100 marks.

M. Sc. II: (MMSTP303 Major) Practical I: Sugar Technology V - 100 marks

(MMSTP304 Minor) Practical II: Sugar Technology VI – 50 marks

(MMSTP403 Major) Practical III: Inplant Training – 100 marks

(MMSTP404 Minor) Practical IV: Research Project – 50 marks

# M. Sc. Programme Structure of Sugar Technology NEP-2020 with Multiple Entry and Multiple Exit Option

M. Sc. Part I (Semester I & II) (Academic Year-2022-23)

Year			Major		Research	OJT/FP		Cumulative	
(2 Yrs. PG)	Lev el	Seme ster	Mandatory Degree (20 Credits)	Elective	Methodology (RM) (04 Credits)	(04 Credits)	Research Project	Credits	Degree
I		Sem I	MMST 101: 4 Credits MMST 102: 4 Credits MMSTP 103: 4 Credits MMSTP 104: 2 Credits	MEST 106: 4 Cre dits	RM 105: 4 Credits			22	PG
	6.0	Sem II	MMST 201: 4 Credits MMST 202: 4 Credits MMSTP 203: 4 Credits MMSTP 204: 2 Credits	MEST 206: 4 Cre dits		FP 205: 4 Credits		22	Diploma
	ulative ( PG Dip		36		04	04		44	Exit Option

#### **Abbreviations:**

PG: Post Graduation, Yrs.: Years, Sem.: Semester, MMST: Major Mandatory Sugar

Tech, MMSTP: Major Mandatory Sugar Tech Practical, MEST: Major Elective Sugar

Tech, **RM**: Research Methodology, **OJT**: On Job Training, **FP**: Field Project.

# M. Sc. Programme Structure (NEP-2020) of Sugar Technology

M. Sc. Part I (With effect from June 2023)

		Seme	ster I (l	Duratio	n – Six	Month	1)				
Sr.	Course Code	Tea	ching Sc	heme	Examination Scheme						
No.	No.		ory & Pra	actical		Universit essment	•		nal Assess A) & Pract		
		Lectu re (Per week)	Hours (Per week)	Credits	Maxi mum Mark s	Mini mum Mark s	Exam Hours	Maxi mum Mark s	Minim um Marks	Exam Hour s	
1	MMST 101: Sugar Processing - I	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1	
2	MMST 102: Sugar Engineering	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1	
3	MMSTP 103: Sugar Technology I (Major)		8	4	100	40	8				
4	MMSTP 104: Sugar Technology II (Minor)		4	2	50	20	4				
5	RM 105: Research Methodology	4		4	80	32	3	20	8	1	
6	MEST 106: Sugarcane Agriculture I / Sugar & Biochemistry	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1	
	TOTAL			22	470			80			

#### **Abbreviations:**

PG: Post Graduation, Yrs.: Years, Sem.: Semester, MMST: Major Mandatory Sugar

Tech, MMSTP: Major Mandatory Sugar Tech Practical, MEST: Major Elective Sugar

Tech, **RM:** Research Methodology, **OJT:** On Job Training, **FP:** Field Project.

# M. Sc. Programme Structure (NEP-2020) of Sugar Technology

# M. Sc. Part I (With effect from June 2023)

		Semes	ter II (	Duratio	n – Six	Montl	n)				
Sr.	Course Code	Teaching Scheme			Examination Scheme						
No.		Theory & Practical University Internal Asso Assessment (UA) (IA) & Pra									
		Lectu re (Per week)	Hours (Per week)	Credits	Maxi mum Mark s	Mini mum Mark s	Exam Hours	Maxi mum Mark s	Minim um Marks	Exam Hour s	
1	MMST 201: Sugar Processing – II	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1	
2	MMST 202: Chemical Engineering	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1	
3	MMSTP 203: Sugar Technology III (Major)		8	4	100	40	8				
4	MMSTP 204: Sugar Technology IV (Minor)		4	2	50	20	4				
5	FP 205: Field Project		4	4				100	40		
6	MEST 206: Sugarcane Agriculture II / Organic & Physical Chemistry	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1	
	TOTAL			22	390			160			

#### **Abbreviations:**

PG: Post Graduation, Yrs.: Years, Sem.: Semester, MMST: Major Sugar Tech,

MMSTP: Major Sugar Tech Practical, MEST: Major Elective Sugar Tech, RM: Research

Methodology, OJT: On Job Training, FP: Field Project.

## M. Sc. Sugar Technology (Part-I) (Level-8.0) (Semester-I) (NEP2020)

(Introduced from Academic Year 2023 – 24)

**Title of Course:** Sugar Processing-I (Clarification & Evaporation)

**Course Code: MMST101** 

**Total Credits: 04** 

**Course Outcomes:** Upon successful completion of this course, the

student will be able to

- 1. Acquire knowledge of Introduction of sugar industry & flow chart of sugar manufacturing process, Extraction of juice from cane, Maceration or imbibitions
- 2. Acquire knowledge of Composition of cane and juice, Principle of juice clarification, Influence of lime on different constituents of juice, Effects of pH on sucrose and reducing sugar, Action of heat on sucrose and reducing sugar, Different process of cane juice clarification, Defection, Sulphitation and carbonation, Comparison between sulphation & carbonation.
- 3. Acquire knowledge Theory of evaporation Introduction, quantity of water evaporated from juice, Hea ttransfer in evaporator, Boiling point of juice, Norbert Relex principle applicable to multiple effect evaporators.
- 4. Acquire knowledge of Operation of evaporator, Off season testing of evaporator, Starting of evaporator, Juice level in evaporator, Condensate and non-condensable gas removal, Flash recovery of condensate, Use Of condensate, Stopping of evaporator.
- 5. Acquire knowledge of Treatment of syrup, Construction and working of syrup sulphitor, Scale formation and removal.

Unit	Syllabus	Lectures
I	Introduction of sugar industry & flow chart of sugar manufacturing process, Extraction of juice from cane, Maceration or imbibition's and their scheme Mill sanitation and type of biocides used, Effects of fine bagasillo on juice clarification & its separation, Equipment's detail and operation of DSM screen & Rotary screen, Weighing and metering of juice, Equipment detail and operation of Maxwell Boulogne scale and mass flow meter with calibration, Object of juice heating, Construction and working of vertical tubular juice heater, Removal of Condensate and non-condensable gas, Calculation of heating surface, Concept of vapor line and dynamic Juice Heater, Construction and working of DCH and PHE  Basic chemical required for clarification, their specification. Preparation of milk of lime (MOL) and its equipment details. Separation of grit from MOL, Production of SO <sub>2</sub> gas by furnace Quantity of air required for burning, Equipment detail and operation of continuous & film type furnace, Roll of phosphate in juice clarification and its use	

II	Composition of cane and juice, Principle of juice clarification, Influence of lime on different constituents of juice, Effects of pH on sucrose and reducing sugar, Action of heat on sucrose and reducing sugar, Different process of cane juice clarification, Defecation, Sulphitation and carbonation, Comparison between sulphitation & carbonation,  Principle of subsidation, Factors affecting the subsidation, Speed of subsidation Construction and operation of DORR multi-feed clarifier, 444 Rapi clarifier, Importance of short ration clarifier, its construction and	15
	operation, Preparation of settling chemical and its use, juice and mud removal	
	Condition for good filtration, Preparation of mud, Construction and working of vacuum filter, Washing of cake, Mini condenser or vacuum pump, Quality of filtrate and its treatment, Decanter for muddy juice treatment, Advantages of decanter	
III	Theory of evaporation – Introduction, quantity of water evaporated from juice, Heat transfer in evaporator, Boiling point of juice, Norbert Rolex principle applicable to multiple effect evaporators	15
	Construction of Robert type evaporator, Different types of evaporator body, Entrainment and entrainment separator Condenser and type of condenser, Quantity of water required for condention, Vapor velocity and vapor piping	
IV	Operation of evaporator, off season testing of evaporator, Starting of evaporator, Juice level in evaporator, Condensate and non- condensable gas removal, Flash recovery of condensate, Use Of condensate, Stopping of evaporator	15
	Vapor bleeding and steam economy, Basic requirement of steam, Steam economy when vapor used for juice heating, Steam economy when vapor used for juice heating and pan boiling, Steam saving device  Treatment of syrup, Construction and working of syrup sulphitor, Scale formation and removal	

## **Reference books:**

- 1) Principle of sugar technology vol I P. Honig
- 2) Principle of sugar technology vol II P. Honig
- 3) Principle of sugar technology vol III P. Honig
- 4) Hand book of sugar refinery chung chi chou
- 5) Manufacturing and refining of raw sugar Baikow
- 6) By product of cane sugar industries Paturau.
- 7) Cane sugar hand book R. B. L. Mathur

## M. Sc. Sugar Technology (Part-I) (Level-8.0) (Semester-I) (NEP2020)

Title of Course: Sugar Engineering- Milling, Boiler

**Course Code: MMST102** 

**Total Credits: 04** 

**Course Outcomes:** Upon successful completion of this course, the

student will be able to

- 1. Acquire knowledge of Cane weighbridges: types, capacity etc.
- 2. Acquire knowledge of Cane preparations Preparation of cane, various devices of cane preparation like kicker, chopper, leveler, cutter fibrizer and shredder.
- 3. Acquire knowledge of Mills and mill components Conventional three roller mill.
- 4. Acquire skill of using Mill drive types with merit and demerit, Mill power requirement, Mill gearing, Mill couplings and tail bars.
- 5. Get knowledge about recent advances sugar technology.

Unit	Syllabus	Lectures
I	Cane weighbridges: types, capacity etc.	15
	Cane handling and feeding Cane unloading - Bridge with trolley – having sling bar system – two motion/three motion, auto de-hooking system	
	Feeder table – size, slope, chain, breaking strength, power consumption, drive etc	
	Cane carrier – horizontal & inclined carrier, feeding length, Width of carrier, Speed of carrier, capacity of carrier, power consumption of carrier, Types of carriers 1) single cane carrier 2) Split cane carrier.3) Rake cane carrier 4) Belt carrier, Tramp iron sepetor.	
	Cane preparations Preparation of cane, various devices of cane preparation like kicker, chopper, leveler, cutter fiberize and shredder.	
	Measurement of preparation index by bulk density method, sieving method, leaching method.	

II	Mills and mill components – Conventional three roller mill.	15
	Mill Headstocks, Mill rollers & rollers grooving	
	Grooving types – V–grooves, Messchaert grooves & chevron grooves	
	lotus roller, Mill hydraulic system, Mill bearings & their types Mill	
	roller pinions, Trash & Scrapper plates.	
	Mill drive types with merit and demerit, Mill power requirement, Mill gearing, Mill couplings and tail bars	
	Mill setting – Roller setting, pressure feeder setting, underfeed roller setting, Donnelley chute opening, trash plate setting, practical optimization of mill setting	
	Checking of mill performance by Brix curve	
	<b>Imbibition's</b> – Objects of imbibition's, Types of imbibition's, Hot and cold water for imbibition's, Its Merit and demerit, Imbibition control system.	
III	Steam Generation: (Boiler) - Properties of steam, Fuel (Bagasse), characteristics of Bagasse, combustion Bagasse, Furnaces (Spreader Stoker & Travelling Grate), Boiler mountings: stop valve, Safety valve, blowdown valve water level gauge glass, Boiler accessories: Super heater, Economizer, Air preheater, Boiler feed water tank & pump deration I.D, F.D.&S. A f a n s, Chimney, electrostatic participator etc.	15
	Boiler Instrumentation & Control - Various flow meter to measure flows like steam, feed water, Level indicator for Drum water, Pressure indicator for steam pressure, Temperature indicator for various points, All these points to be connected to data logger for recording	
	<b>Boiler water treatment -</b> Use of condensate, Feed water specification and treatment (Internal & External), DM & RO Plants, analytical control.	
IV	Power generation and Alternator	15
	<ul> <li>a) Power generation – Classification, description &amp; working of extraction &amp; double extraction cum condensing and fully condensing type turbines, specific steam consumption.</li> <li>b) Alternator – sugar factory requirements, size, type, voltage, power factor &amp; efficiency, 3 phase AC generation, and power transmission system.</li> </ul>	

# Reference Book.

- 1] Hand book of cane sugar-E. Hugot
- 2] Cane sugar engineering-Peter Rain.
- 3] Machinery & equipments of sugar factory-L. A. Tromp
- 4] Cane sugar hand book-R. B. L. Mathur

- 5] Modern milling of sugar cane: Maxwell
- 6] Standard fabrication practices of cane sugar mill-Delden.
- 7] The energy cane alternative-Alexander
- 8] Cane sugar manufacturing in India D. P. Kulkarni

## M. Sc. Sugar Technology (Part-I) (Level-8.0) (Semester-I) (NEP2020)

**Title of Course: Sugar Technology-I (Routine analysis)** 

**Course Code: MMSTP103** 

**Total Credits: 04** 

#### **SUGAR TECHNOLOGY-I**

- 1) Preparation of indicator solutions and test papers for pH determination of Raw Juice (Methyl Orange) & Sulphite Juice (Bromothymol Blue)
- 2) Determination of pH of given sample by test paper and PH meter.
- 3) Determination of total dissolved solids (Brix) of given sample of juice by Hydrometer and hand refractor meter.
- 4) Determination of apparent Purity of given sample of juices.
- 5) To determine the purity of given sample of syrup and molasses.
- 6) To determine the purity of given sample of Massecuite
- 7) To determine purity of final molasses
- 8) To determine pol % and moist. % of Bagasse.
- 9) To determine pol % and moist. % of filter cake.
- 10) To determine sucrose of juice by
  - a) double polarization method (Jackson & Gilis)
  - b) Fehling's method.
- 11) To determine reducing sugar of juice by
  - i) Eyon and lane method
  - ii) Luffs method
- 12) To determine sucrose of final molasses by
  - i) Double polarization method (Jackson & Gilis
  - ii) Fehling's method.
- 13) To determine reducing sugar of final molasses by
  - a. Eyon and lane method
  - b. Luffs method
- 14) To determine total reducing sugar of final molasses.

## M. Sc. Sugar Technology (Part-I) (Level-8.0) (Semester-I) (NEP2020)

Title of Course: Sugar Technology–II (Routine analysis)

**Course Code: MMSTP104** 

**Total Credits: 02** 

- 1) Analysis of white sugar for
  - a) Moisture (loss on drying)
  - b) Pol % by polarmeter
  - c) Sucrose by Jackson & Gillis
  - d) Reducing sugar by ofner method
  - e) Ash (sulphated & conductivity)
  - f) Grading of sugar in term of ISS
- 2) Analysis of raw sugar for
  - a) Moisture (loss on drying)
  - b) Pol % by Polari meter
  - c) Sucrose by Jackson & Gillis
  - d) Reducing sugar by Offer method
  - e) Ash (sulphated & conductivity)
  - f) Color in solution
  - g) Grain size by test sieve.
- 3) Analysis of Jaggery for
  - a) Moisture (loss on drying)
  - b) Pol % by polarimeter
  - c) Reducing sugar
  - d) Net Rendenment
- 4) Determination of melting point of sucrose and boiling point of Different concentration sugar solutions
- 5) The Determination of Insoluble Matter in White Sugar
- 6) The Determination of the Particle Size Distribution of White Sugar by sieve method
- 7) Analysis of raw and white sugar for colour by MOPS method.
- 8) To determine sulphur dioxide (so2) in sugar.

# M. Sc. Sugar Technology (Part-I) (Level-8.0) (Semester-I) (NEP2020)

Title of Course: Research Methodology

**Course Code: RM105** 

**Total Credits: 04** 

# **UNIT-I Research Methodology:**

[15]

- Introduction to research methodology
- Formation of problems
- Formation of Hypothesis
- Research Design-Explorative, Descriptive, Diagnostic & Experimental

- Data Processing and classification
- Types of research

## **UNIT-II Sampling Techniques and Testing of Hypothesis:**

[15]

Concept of Data collection& Sampling, Methods of Sampling – Simple random sampling, stratified random sampling, cluster sampling.

Advantages & limitations of sampling. Concept of testing of hypothesis

- 1. Testing of population mean and equality of two population means for large samples.
- 2. Testing of population proportion and equality of two population proportions.
- 3. Testing of population mean and equality of two population means for small samples.
- 4. Chi-square test for i) testing independence of two attributes ii) testing variance

## **UNIT-III Computer Applications**:

[15]

History and generations of computers; (I, II, III, IV and V), Hardware; CPU, input, output, storage devices, classifications of computers; analog computers, digital computers, mainframe computers, miniframe computers, microcomputers. Memory: Primary memory or main memory; magnetic core memory, RAM, ROM, Secondary memory or auxillary memory. The students will learn how to operate a PC. Execution of linear regression, X-Y plot, statistical data interpretation.

## **UNIT-IV Scientific Writing:**

[15]

Different forms of Scientific writing -Articles in Journals, Research notes, Review articles & Dissertations, Conference presentation, Bibliographies. Drafting titles, sub-titles and formatting tables. Use & guidelines of appendices. Parts of Research report articles – introduction, review of literature, methodology, results & discussions and conclusions.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1) Research Methods and Techniques, C. R. Kothari (2019) New Age International Publishers.
- 2) Research Methodology A Step by step Guide for Beginners 2nd Edition Kumar Ranjit, Pearson Education, Singapore, 2005.
- 3) Introduction to Research and Research Methodology, M. S. Sridhar.
- 4) Practical Research Methods, Catherine Dawson, UBS Publishers Distribution, New Delhi 2002.
- 5) Computer Education by Prof. Lalini Varanasi, Prof. V. Sudhakar, and Dr. T. Mrunalini, Neelkamal Publications PVT. LTD.
- 6) Basic Computing Principles by B. West, BPB Publications, New Dehli
- 7) A Hand Book of Research Methodology, R. P. Devdas & K. Kulandaivel
- 8) Research Methods, S. P. Gupta
- 9) Methods of Research, C. V. Good & D. E. Scafes.

# M. Sc. Sugar Technology (Part-I) (Level-8.0) (Semester-I) (NEP2020)

Title of Course: Sugarcane Agriculture I

**Course Code: MEST106** 

**Total Credits: 04** 

**Course Out Comes:** Upon successful completion of this course, the

student will be able to

- 1. Origen of Cane, cultivation in India, varieties, climatic conditions, sugarcane agro climatic zones in India. Sugarcane pricing and payment.
- 2. **Soil:** Types, properties Visual & morphological properties, analytical properties, fertility & soil problems, sustaining fertility, soil conservation practices.
- 3. **Planting**: Preparatory tillage, planting time, selection of seed cane, methods of planting -Flat, ridges & furrows, trench, IISR86206,ring, spaced Transplanting & poly bag seedling Transplanting method.
- 4. **Growth of Sugarcane**: Germination, development of shoot &root factors affecting, tillering, growth of leaves, internodes &stem, factors influencing cane growth, formation and storage of sugar in cane.
- 5. Get knowledge about recent advances in ethanol plantation

Unit	Syllabus	Lectures
I	Introduction: Origen of Cane, cultivation in India,	15
	varieties, climatic conditions, sugarcane agro climatic	
	zones in India. Sugarcane pricing and payment,	
	<b>Soil:</b> Types, properties – Visual & morphological properties, analytical properties, fertility & soil problems, sustaining fertility, soil conservation practices,	
	<b>Planting</b> : Preparatory tillage, planting time, selection of seed cane, methods of planting -Flat, ridges & furrows, trench, IISR 86206, ring, spaced Trans planting & polybag seedling Transplanting method.	
	Frowth of Sugarcane: Germination, development of shoot	
	& root - factors affecting, tillering, growth of leaves,	
	internodes & stem, factors influencing cane growth,	
	formation and storage of sugar in cane.	

15

Manuring: Cane nutrition, functions of macro & micro (trace) nutrients, fertilizers – N, P, K, S, Ca & Mg carriers, Mixed or compound fertilizers, biofertilizers, foliar applications, fertigation, organic & green manuring, time & method of application, visual symptoms of nutrient deficiencies and disorders.

**Weeds:** Common weeds, aquatic weeds, losses due to weeds, methods of weed control – mechanical, manual, chemical (time, method & dosage), integrated weed management, measures to reduce the weeds.

**Pests:** Leaf eating & sucking insects, stalk attacking insects, root attacking insects, soil insects & Non insect species

**Diseases:** Major diseases (red rot, smut, pineapple, mosaic, wilt etc), period of occurrence, control measures (chemical & biological), losses due to pests & diseases, plant protection measures.

III

**Ripening:** Methods of judging ripeness or maturity, factors affecting ripening, accelerating ripening, chemical ripeness.

15

**Harvesting:** Manual & mechanical harvesting of cane, transportation of cane, post-harvest deterioration of sugarcane – causes, effect & losses, effect of extraneous **Ratooning:** Definition, yield & quality, number of ratoons, advantages and disadvantages, area and productivity, causes for low ratooning, tillering, verities for good ratoons, removal of compaction, gap filling, fertilizer application, water requirement

Sugarcane breeding institutes in India. Physiology of sugar cane under normal condition, Physiology of sugar cane under normal saline condition, Rapid screening parameters for salt stress, Agro-technology to improve germination under saline condition, Work on the physiology on various sugar cane clones.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1) Hartmann and Kester's Plant propagation Principles and practices Hudscan T. Hartmann, Dale E. Kester, Fred T. Davies, Jr. Robert L. Geneve.
- 2) Textbook of Plant Physiology C. P. Malik.
- 3) Diseases of Crop Plants in India G. Rangaswami and A. Mahadevan
- 4) 4)Plant Pathology R. S. Mehrota

quality.

- 5) Practical cytology Applied Genetics and Biostatistics H. K. Goswami and Rajeev Goswami.
- 6) Recent Advances in Plant Diseases Vol 1 to 5 K. M. Chandaniwala.
- 7) Introduction to Principles of Plant Pathology R. S. Singh.
- 8) An introduction to Plant Anatomy Author R. Eames and Laurence H. Mac Deniels.
- 9) Genetics and Plant Breeding E. B. Babcock.
- 10) Plant Taxonomy O. P. Sharma.
- 11) Plant Breeding Theory and Techniques S. K. Gupta.
- 12) Breeding Asian Field Crops John Milton Poehlman and Dhirendranath Borthakur.
- 13) Crop Production and Field Experimentation Dr. V.G. Vaidya, K. R. Sahastrabudhe, Dr. V. S. Khuspe.
- 14) Agricultural Problems of India A. N. Agrwal and Kundam Lal.

**15** 

## M. Sc. Sugar Technology (Part-I) (Level-8.0) (Semester-I) (NEP2020)

Title of Course: Sugar & Biochemistry

**Course Code: MEST106** 

**Total Credits: 04** 

**Course Out Comes:** Upon successful completion of this course, the

student will be able to

- 1. Understand chemical Properties Carbohydrates.
- 2. Acquire knowledge of **Proteins & Amino acids**—Learn alcohol structure chemical names and physical and chemical properties.
- **3.** Acquire knowledge of **Sucrose** formulations.
- 4. Acquire skill of using different devices Sugar Derivatives & Sugar Alcohols
- 5. Get knowledge about recent advances in ethanol plantation

## **UNIT I: Carbohydrates**

[15]

- Introduction–Etymology, History: accent time, middle age & modern. chemistry of sugar, Constituents of sugar, Natural polymers of sugars, Flammability of sugar. types of sugar, Monosaccharide's Glucose, Fructose, Disaccharides sucrose, lactose & maltose.
- Forms of sugar and its use. Health effects of sugar- Blood glucose level – Obesity and Diabetics, Cardiovascular disease- Alzheimer's disease Tooth decays – Addiction forming Hyper activity-Measurement.
- Introduction and Classification of Carbohydrates with suitable examples.
  - a) Reactions of Mono sacchari desuchas a) Mutarotation
  - b) Alkaline degradation
- c)Rearrangements d) Acidic degradation e) Polymerisation
- f) Caramelisation. Di & Polysaccharides: Structures and properties of sucrose, Maltose, Lactose, Starch & Cellulose (chain structures)

# **UNIT II: Structure and Properties of Sugar:**

[15]

- Physical & Chemical properties of sugar.
- Physical properties of sucrose molecule, sucrosederivative, decomposition of sucrose.
- Chemical properties of sucrose, sucrose molecule, crystalline sucrose, amorphous sucrose, aqueous sucrose. Solution (Solubility, density, viscosity, surface tension, boiling point, freezing point, rotation of polarized light)
- c) Physical properties of reducing sugar: Physical properties of reducing sugar (dextrose &laevulose) solubility, density, refractive index, optical rotation.
- d) Chemical properties of reducing sugar (dextrose& laevulose) with organic reagent: Acetone, benzoic, carbonate, acetate. With in

organic reagent: Phosphate sodium, chloride salt, calcium levitates.

Decomposition reaction with alkaline, solution & acid solution, oscillation reaction with iodine.

#### **UNIT III: Biomolecules**

[15]

- Introduction to living cells, classifications of living cells, structure and function of cells, Structure and typical characteristics of DNA & RNA.
- Proteins: Characteristics and classifications of proteins, protein structure, proteins in sugar cane juice.
- Aminoacids: Classifications and properties, Aminoacid sinsugarcane juice and molasses.

### **UNIT IV: Carbohydrate Metabolism and Enzymology:**

[15]

- Carbohy dratemetabolism: Glycolysis, Tri Carboxilic Acid(TCA) cycle, Pentosephosphate pathway, Glyoxylate cycle.
- Enzymes: Definition, classification, mechanismofenzymeaction, factors affecting reactivity, industrial applications of enzyme

#### Reference Books:

1 Organic Chemistry : Hendrickson, cram, Hammond

2 Organic Chemistry : Morrison & Boyd

3 Organic Chemistry : Volume I & III. L. Finar

4 Organic Chemistry : Pine

5 Advanced Organic Chemistry : Sachinkumar Ghosh

6 Advanced Organic Chemistry B.S. Bahl & Arun Bahi

7 AguidebooktoMechanismin : Peter Sykes

organicchemistry

8 Stereochemistryoforganic : Kalsi

Compounds

9 Stereochemistry of Carbon : Eliel

Compounds

10 Textbookoforganic chemistry : P. L. Soni 11 Textbookofpracticalorganic : A. I. Vogel

Chemistry

12 Advancedorganicchemistry : Reactions, Mechanism & Structure Jerry

March

13 OrganicChemistry : M. R. Jain 14 OrganicChemistry : J. M. Shaigel

## M. Sc. Sugar Technology (Part-I) (Level-8.0) (Semester-II) (NEP2020)

Title of Course: Sugar Processing – II (Crystallization & Finishing)

**Course Code: MMST201** 

**Total Credits: 04** 

Course Out Comes: Upon successful completion of this course, the

student will be able to

1. Theory of crystallization & its zones, Grain & graining methods, Principles & practices in graining process, Mechanism of pan boiling, Different Massecuite boiling scheme, Principles and practices in pan boiling.

- 2. Learn Construction of pan, Types of pan, Pan control & instrumentation, Cobenze's method for purity control, Calculations of massecuite % cane & molasses %cane by solid balance, Determination of crystal % massecuite, Determination of steam requirement.
- 3. Acquire knowledge of Centrifugal operations Screen washing, Sugar washing, Massecuite charging, Separation of light and heavy molasses, Spinning and drying, Discharging Superheated wash water system.
- 4. Acquire skill of using Screen washing.
- 5. Get knowledge about recent advances in pest control.

Unit	Syllabus	Lectures
I	Theory of crystallization & its zones, Grain & graining methods,	15
	Principles & practices in graining process, Mechanism of pan boiling,	
	Different massecuite boiling scheme, Principles and practices in pan	
	boiling.	
II	Construction of pan, Types of pan, Pan control & instrumentation,	15
	Cobenze's method for purity control, Calculations of massecuite % cane	
	& molasses % cane by solid balance, Determination of crystal %	
	massecuite, Determination of crystal size, volume and surface area,	
	determination of steam requirement for massecuite boiling,	
	Crystallization by cooling, Type of air and water cooled crystallizers, Various zones and their retention time in cooling process,	
	Exhaustion of molasses its calculation & various factor affecting	
	exhaustion	
III	Centrifugal theories, Centrifugal forces, Mean equivalent radius,	15
	Gravity factory, Time cycle, Capacity of basket, Moment of inertia,	
	Power requirement, Constructions of batch machine, types of drive and	
	control, Constructions of	
	continuous machine types of drive and control	

Centrifugal operations - Screen washing, Sugar washing, Massecuite charging, Separation of light and heavy molasses, Spinning and drying, Discharging Super-heated wash water system Sugar Melter capacity, control system for temperature &Brix Pug mill, magma &run off tank. Molasses weighing scale construction, operation Theory of drying & cooling Drying and cooling of sugar on hopper, fluidized bed drier, Rotary drier Grading of sugar, packing of sugar Stitching and weighing of sugar Keeping quality of sugar, storage of sugar Specification of sugar as per IS standard. Constriction of godown & storage of molasses Sugar handling & transporting system

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Principle of sugar technology, Vol I, P. Honig
- 2. Principle of sugar technology, Vol II, P. Honig
- 3. Principle of sugar technology, Vol III, P. Honig
- 4. Hand book of sugar refinery, Chung Chi Chou
- 5. Manufacturing and refining of raw sugar, Baikow
- 6. By product of cane sugar industries, Paturau
- 7. Cane sugar hand book, R. B. L. Mathur
- 8. Cane sugar manufacturing in India, D. P. Kulkarni

## M. Sc. Sugar Technology (Part-I) (Level-8.0) (Semester-II) (NEP2020)

**Title of Course: Chemical Engineering** 

**Course Code: MMST202** 

**Total Credits: 04** 

Course Out Comes: Upon successful completion of this course, the

student will be able to

- 1. Understand Theory Heat transfer ¬ Conduction- Mechanism of heat transfer by conduction in solids, Fourier's low of heat transfer, Thermal conductivity, and heat loss in conduction. Thermal insulation and optimum thickness for insulation.
- 2. Convection- Heat transfer by convection, forced and natural convection, individual and overallheat transfer coefficient. Fouling factor, overall resistance Effect of drop wise and film wise condensation, Effect of non condensable gases.
- 3. Acquire Heat Transfer Equipment: Heater- multipass shell and tube type heat exchanger- shell, tubes, tube pitch ligaments' (clearance), tube passes, Baffles.
- 4. Acquire skill Fluid statics- Concept of momentum transfer, Nature of fluid and pressureconcept, variation of pressure with height- hydrostatic equilibrium. Barometric equation, measurement of fluid pressure manometer.
- 5. Get knowledge about recent Chemical Engineering-(Heat & Momentum Transfer)

Unit	Syllabus	Lectures
I	<ul> <li>Heat Transfer:</li> <li>Conduction- Mechanism of heat transfer by conduction in solids, Fourier's low of heat transfer, Thermal conductivity, and heat loss in conduction. Thermal insulation and optimum thickness for insulation.</li> <li>Convection- Heat transfer by convection, forced and natural convection, individual and overall heat transfer coefficient. Fouling factor, overall resistance. Effect of drop wise and film wise condensation, Effect of non- condensable gases.</li> <li>Radiation -heat transfer by radiation. Kirchhoff's law, Stefan-Boltzmann law</li> <li>Heat Transfer Equipment:</li> </ul>	15
	<ul> <li>Heater – multi-pass shell and tube type heat exchanger-shell, tubes, tube pitch ligaments' (clearance), tube passes, Baffles.</li> <li>Condenser - types of condenser co-current &amp;counter current.         Derivation of overall heat transfer coefficient from hot fluid to cold fluid         Through metal wall     </li> </ul>	
II	<ul> <li>Fluid Transfer:</li> <li>Fluid statics - Concept of momentum transfer, Nature of fluid and pressure concept, variation of pressure with height- hydrostatic equilibrium.         Barometric equation, measurement of fluid pressure manometer     </li> <li>Fluid flow - Type of fluids, viscosity of gases and liquids, types of flow laminar &amp; turbulent, Reynolds number, basic equation of fluid flow, Average velocity, and mass velocity, continuity equation, flow of incompressible fluids. Laminar flow through circular conduit, turbulent flow through pipes, fraction factor</li> </ul>	15
	<ul> <li>Fluid transfer Equipment:</li> <li>Pumps – positive displacement and centrifugal pumps, Fans, compressor</li> <li>&amp;blower, Metering of fluids Pipes, Fitting and valves, measurement of liquid and gas flow rates by orifice meter, venture meter, rot meter and pilot tube</li> </ul>	

III	Size reduction:	15
	<ul> <li>Necessity&amp; mechanism, Rattling's law, kick's law, Bond's law,</li> </ul>	
	method of	
	operating crusher, Size reduction in sugar industries,	
	Screening:	
	• Standard screens, capacity of screen & efficiency, Ideal and actual screen,	
	screen analysis, equipment for industrial screening, sieve test of sugar.	
	Leaching & Extraction:	
	<ul> <li>Leaching techniques, perforations through solids bed, stationary bed</li> </ul>	
	& moving bed, Counter-current leaching, theory of diffusion, Theory of extraction of juice from cane	
	Sedimentation:	
	• Law of settling, Stokes law, Batch settling test, Design feature of continuous thickeners, Determination of thickeners area, factors affecting the settlings rates, Different type of settling equipment,	
TX 7	equipment in sugar industries.	1.7
IV	Evaporation:	15
	<ul> <li>Theory of evaporation, construction and operation of evaporator bodies.</li> </ul>	
	Mixing & Agitation:	
	Introduction, classification of mixing equipment and its application. Mixers	
	for mixing the material. (Solid-solid &solid –liquid)	
	Filtration:	
	<ul> <li>Theory, factors affecting filtration and remedies, filter aid and their</li> </ul>	
	use, equipment used in sugar factory (Rotary vacuum filter)	
	Centrifugation:	
	<ul> <li>Theory, different types of centrifugal machines –Batch &amp; continuous, their performance study.</li> </ul>	

## **Reference Books:**

- 1) Introduction of Chemical Engineering by Badger and Baneo
- 2) Introduction of Chemical Engineering by Ghosal and Sanyal
- 3) Stoichiometry by Bhatt and Vohra

### M. Sc. Sugar Technology (Part-I) (Level-8.0) (Semester-II) (NEP2020)

**Title of Course: Sugar Technology III (Special Analysis)** 

**Course Code: MMSTP203** 

**Total Credits: 04** 

- 1) To determine pol % cane by direct.
- 2) To determine pol % cane by indirect method
- 3) To determine fiber % cane by direct
- 4) To determine fiber % cane by direct and indirect method.
- 5) To determine of recovery % cane by lab crusher method.
- 6) To determine preparatory index of prepared cane.
- 7) To determine mill performance by Brix curve method.
- 8) To determine mud volume of juice by heating, liming & addition of flocculants.
- 9) To determine optimum pH of shock liming for good clarification.
- 10) To determine SO<sub>2</sub> contend in syrup.
- 11) To determine size of crystal in slurry/seed/massecuite. By microscope.
- 12) To determine crystal% massecuite by purity and lab centrifugal machine.

## M. Sc. Sugar Technology (Part-I) (Level-8.0) (Semester-II) (NEP2020)

**Title of Course: Sugar Technology IV (Special Analysis)** 

**Course Code: MMSTP204** 

**Total Credits: 02** 

- 1) To determine phosphate content of juice by Ammonium molybdate method.
- 2) To determine phosphate content of juice by Uranium acetate method.
- 3) To determine CaO content of juice by EDTA method
- 4) To determine CaO content of juice by Ammonium oxalate method.
- 5) To determine sulphated Ash of juice.
- 6) Analysis of boiler water for
  - a) TDS
  - b) Hardness
- 7) Analysis of boiler water for
  - a) Alkalinity.
  - b) Dissolve oxygen.
  - c) Chlorine.
- 8) Analysis of effluent for
  - a) Total solids
  - b) Total suspended solids
- 9) Analysis of effluent for
  - a) Total dissolved solids

- b) Bio chemical oxygen demand
- c) Chemical oxygen demand

### M. Sc. Sugar Technology (Part-I) (Level-8.0) (Semester-II) (NEP2020)

**Title of Course: Field Project** 

Course Code: FP205 Total Credits: 04

### M. Sc. Sugar Technology (Part-I) (Level-8.0) (Semester-II) (NEP2020)

Title of Course: Sugar Agriculture II

**Course Code: MEST206** 

**Total Credits: 04** 

Course Out Comes: Upon successful completion of this course, the

student will be able to

#### **Introduction:**

- 1. Understand Farm Implements and Machinery In Sugarcane Cultivation, Strategies for Transfer of Technology in Sugarcane Agriculture, The different operations carried out during sugarcane planting.
- 2. Learn Flame Photometer.
- 3. Acquire Agricultural economics: Farm management, scope, importance and characteristics.
- 4. Acquire skill of using Agriculture technology.
- 5. Get knowledge about recent advances in Ethanol production.

## UNIT: I [15]

Farm Implements and Machinery in Sugarcane Cultivation, Strategies for Transfer of Technology in Sugarcane Agriculture, The different operations carried out during sugarcane planting are

- Making of furrow or trench.
- Sett cutting.
- Placement of setts in furrows.
- Fertilizer application in bands Scientific Sugarcane Cultivation 114.
- on either side of sets.
- Application of fungicidal, anti-termites and anti-insecticide solution.
- Covering and pressing of sets.
- Harvesting technology.
- Intercultural operations-Mulching, Hoeing and earthing-up.

•	Tying of cane.	
•	Harvesting and yield-Assessing the maturity of the car	ne crop.
•	Harvesting system and harvesting unit.	
UNIT: II - Agricultura	al economics: [1	15]
•	Farm management, scope, importance and characterist	tics,
	farmplanning.	
•	Optimum resource use and budgeting.	
•	Economics of different types of farming systems.	
•	Marketing management – strategies for development, intelligence.	market
•	Price fluctuations and their cost; role of co-operatives agricultural economy	in
•	Types and systems of farming and factors affecting the	-m
•	Agricultural price policy.	J111.
•	Crop Insurance	
•	conservation agriculture, principles of conservation agriculture different from sustainable into benefits and challenges of conservation agriculture con agriculture originate.	ensification
UNIT: III-Agronomy:	[1	15]
•	Cropping patterns in different agro-climatic zones of the Impact of high yielding and short-duration varieties or cropping patterns Concepts of various cropping and farming systems. Organic and Precision farming Package of practices for production of important cereat oil seeds, fibers, sugar, commercial and fodder crops	n shifts in
Weed science		
•	Weeds – characteristics	
•	Dissemination and association with various crops; their	ir

- multiplications
   Cultural, biological, and chemical control of weeds
   Seed production and technology
- Seed production and processing technologies
- Seed certification, seed testing and storage.
- DNA finger printing and seed registration.
- Role of public and private sectors in seed production and
- marketing.
- Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) issues, WTO issues and its
- impact on Agriculture.

## **UNIT: IV-Plant Physiology:**

[15]

- Principles of Plant Physiology with reference to plant nutrition,
- absorption, translocation and metabolism of nutrients.
- Soil water- plant relationship.
- Enzymes and plant pigments;
- Photosynthesis- modern concepts and factors affecting.
- C3, C4 and CAM mechanisms.
- Factors affecting aerobic and anaerobic respiration
- Carbohydrate, Protein and fat metabolism.
- Growth and development; photoperiodism and vernalilzation.
- Plant growth substances and their role in crop production.
- Physiology of seed development and germination; dormancy.
- Stress physiology drought, salt and water stress.

## **Reference Books:**

- 1) Hartmann and Kester's Plant propagation Principles and practices Hudscan T. Hartmann, Dale E. Kester, Fred T. Davies, Jr. Robert L. Geneve.
- 2) Textbook of Plant Physiology C. P. Malik.
- 3) Diseases of Crop Plants in India G. Rangaswami and A. Mahadevan Plant Pathology R. S. Mehrota
- 4) Practical cytology Applied Genetics and Biostatistics H. K. Goswami and Rajeev Goswami.
- 5) Recent Advances in Plant Diseases Vol 1 to 5 K. M. Chandaniwala.
- 6) Introduction to Principles of Plant Pathology R. S. Singh.
- 7) An introduction to Plant Anatomy Author R. Eames and Laurence H. Mac Deniels.
- 8) Genetics and Plant Breeding E. B. Babcock.

- 9) Plant Taxonomy O. P. Sharma.
- 10) Plant Breeding Theory and Techniques S. K. Gupta.
- 11) Breeding Asian Field Crops John Milton Poehlman and Dhirendranath Borthakur.
- 2) Crop Production and Field Experimentation Dr. V.G. Vaidya, K. R. Sahastrabudhe, Dr. V. S. Khuspe.
- 13) Agricultural Problems of India A. N. Agrwal and Kundam Lal.

## M. Sc. Sugar Technology (Part-I) (Level-8.0) (Semester-II) (NEP2020)

Title of Course: Organic & Physical Chemistry

**Course Code: MEST206** 

**Total Credits: 04** 

Course Out Comes: Upon successful completion of this course, the

student will be able to

- 1. Understand Introduction: Sugar and Polysaccharides:
- 2. Learn Organic acids & Polyphones.
- 3. Acquire knowledge of **Solution & Strength of Solution:** Definitions of the terms: Soltue, solvent.
- 4. Acquire skill of using Distribution Law.
- 5. Get knowledge about Analytical Chemistry and Chromatography.

Unit	Syllabus	Lectures
I	Sugar and Polysaccharides:	15
	<ul> <li>Introduction to Di and Polysaccharides</li> <li>Stereochemistry and cyclic forms and Sugar derivatives</li> <li>Glycoside bonds &amp; cyclic forms</li> <li>Polysaccharides – amylase amyl pectin &amp; cellulose</li> <li>Glycosaminoglycans and proteoglycans</li> <li>Oligosaccharides of glycoproteins and glycolipids and Lectins</li> <li>Classification of carbohydrates and Fermentation</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>A) Monosaccharides – classification of Monosaccharides         <ul> <li>Ring straight chain isomerism</li> <li>Use of monosaccharide in living organisms</li> </ul> </li> <li>B) Disaccharides – Introduction – nutrition – classification – MetabolismCatabolism – carbohydrates – chemistry         <ul> <li>C) Fermentation – Introduction, Definition, Examples, chemistry, ethanol, fermentation, Lactic acid fermentation,</li> <li>Heterolactic fermentation, Methane gasproduction in fermentation</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
II	Organic acids & Polyphones	15

Organic acids & Polyphones in cane juice & their characters. Organic acids & their effects on the processing of sugar house products. Polyphones and their effects on the processing of sugar house products. Non sugars in sugar cane juice Acids in cane juice-aconite acid, mallic acid, oxalic acid, citric acid, Amino acids& proteins in cane juice. Organic non sugar of high molecular weight in cane juicecellulose, hemicelluloses, lignin, pectin, starch. Colored non sugar originally present in cane juice : chlorophy11, xanthophy11, carotene, anthocyanin. Colored non sugar from sugar decomposition product – a) caramel b) sugar decomposition product c) inversion of sucrose. Ш 15 **Distribution Law:** Nernst distribution law: Its limitations, and modification with reference to association and dissociation of solute in one of the solvents. Application of Distribution law ini) Process of extraction (derivation expected) ii) Determination of solubilityiii) Distribution of indicators iv) Determination of molecular weight. **Colloidal State:** Definition of colloids Types of colloidal systems. Solids in liquids (sols):i) Preparation of sols: Dispersion and Aggregation methods ii) Purification of Sols: Dialysis, Electrodialysis and Ultra-filtration. iii) Properties of sols: Colour, optical, kinetic and electrical properties. iv) Stability of sols, protective action, Hardy-Schulze law, gold number • Liquids in liquids (emulsions): Types of emulsions, preparation, Emulsifier. • Liquids in solids (gels):Classification, preparation and properties, inhibition. • General applications of colloids.

# IV | Analytical Chemistry and Chromatography

- Basic concept, errors, types of errors, accuracy, precision, statistical representation of analytical data.
- Chromatography Introduction, Classification of chromatographic methods, introduction of the terms used in chromatography.
- Thin Layer chromatography: introduction of basic concept of thetechnique, methodology, applications.
  - Gas chromatography: General introduction to the terminology used, stationary phases, supports used in making GLC columns.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1) Organic Chemistry: Hendrickson, cram, Hammond
- 2) Organic Chemistry: Morrison & Boyd
- 3) Organic Chemistry: Volume I & II I.L. Finar
- 4) Organic Chemistry: Pine
- 5) Advanced Organic Chemistry: Sachin kumar Ghosh
- 6) Advanced Organic Chemistry: B.S. Bahl & Arun Bahi
- 7) A guide book to Mechanism inorganic chemistry: Peter Sykes
- 8) Stereochemistry of organic compounds: Kalsi
- 9) Stereochemistry of Carbon compounds: Eliel
- 10) Text book of organic chemistry: P.L. Soni

# M. Sc. Semester – I

Course Code	Major Mandatory				
MMST101	Sugar Processing – I (4Credits)	MSU0325MML838G1			
MMST102	Sugar Engineering (4Credits)	MSU0325MML838G2			
MMST103	Practical Sugar Technology I (4Credits)	MSU0325MMP838G1			
MMST104	Practical Sugar Technology II (2Credits)	MSU0325MMP838G2			
RM105	Research Methodology(4Credits)	MSU0325RML838G			
MMST106	Major Elective				
(Any one)	Sugarcane Agriculture I (4Credits)	MSU0325MEL838G1			
(7 my one)	Sugar & Biochemistry(4Credits)	MSU0325MEL838G2			

# M. Sc. Semester – II

Course Code	Major Mandatory				
MMST201	Sugar Processing – II(4Credits)	MSU0325MML838H1			
MMST202	Chemical Engineering(4Credits)	MSU0325MML838H2			
MMST203	Sugar Technology III (Major)(4Credits)	MSU0325MMP838H1			
MMST204	Sugar Technology IV (Minor)(2 Credits)	MSU0325MMP838H2			
FP205	Field Project(4Credits)	MSU0325RML838H			
MMST206	Major Elective				
(Any one)	Sugarcane Agriculture II (4 Credits)	MSU0325MEL838H1			
(Ally one)	Organic & Physical Chemistry(4 Credits)	MSU0325MEL838H2			

# **Equivalence of Course: M. Sc. Part I (Semester I and II)**

Old Course			Equivalent Course			
Sem No.	Course Code	Title of Old Course	Credit	Course Code	Title of New Course	Credit
I	87405	Sugar Processing- Clarification & Evaporation	4	MMST101	Sugar Processing-	4
I	87870	Sugar Engineering - Milling	4	MMST102	Sugar Engineering	4
I		Practical Sugar Technology- I	4	MMST103	Practical Sugar Technology- I	4
I		Practical Sugar cane Agriculture	4	MMST104	Practical Sugar Technology -II	2
I				RM105	Research Methodology	4
I	87868	Sugarcane Agriculture- I	4	MMST106	Sugarcane Agriculture- I	4
I	87871	Chemical Control	4	MMST106	Sugar & Biochemistry	4
II	90199	Sugar Processing – Crystallization & Finishing	4	MMST201	Sugar Processing -II	4
II	90200	Sugar Engineering – Steam & Power Generation	4	MMST202	Chemical Engineering	4
II		Practical Sugar Technology- II	4	MMST203	Sugar Technology- III	4
II		Sugar Chemistry	4	MMST204	Sugar Technology- IV	2
II				FP205	Field Project	4
II	90201	Equipment Design & Drawing	4	MMST206	Sugarcane Agriculture	4
II	90198	Sugar Chemistry	4	MMST206	Organic & Physical Chemistry	4